HYBRID HIBISCADELPHUS (MALVACEAE) FROM HAWAII

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Numerous trees which have been found to be intermediate in certain flower and leaf characteristics between two rare, endemic Hawaiian species, <u>Hibiscadelphus giffardianus</u> Rock and <u>H. hualalaiensis</u> Rock, are growing under cultivation within Hawaii Volcanoes National Park and elsewhere in Hawaii.

Our analyses of the putative hybrids demonstrate the trees are crosses between the two species and we choose to name them

HIBISCADELPHUS X PUAKUAHIWI K. Baker and S. Allen, Hybrid novum.

Diagnosis holotypi: Arbor <u>Hibiscadelphus giffardianus</u> Rock X <u>Hibiscadelphus hualalaiensis</u> Rock ad 13 m alta est; foliis orbicularibus vel cordatii subacuminatis; floribus convolutis tubulosis ad apicem apertii, magenta vel viridi-maculatis; calycibus saccatis 2-5 fidis; 4-7 bracteis liberis ad 16 mm longis.

Holotypus: HAWAIIAN ISLANDS: Hawaii: Hawaii Volcanoes National Park, Kipuka Ki, 4300' elevation, cultivated Fl hybrid, tree No. KK-HX-1, ca. 13 m high, 15 years of age. November 3, 1975. K. Baker and S. Allen, No. 101 (BISH).

Epithet: Hawaiian language <u>pua</u> meaning "flower, progeny of, or derived from" and <u>kuahiwi</u> from "hau kuahiwi" the Hawaiian common name for any tree of the genus <u>Hibiscadelphus</u>. The hybrid name <u>puakuahiwi</u> is intended, therefore, to mean a "flower derived from species of hau kuahiwi."

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